

Histomorphometrical Analysis of Bone formed after Maxillary Sinus Floor Augmentation using different Non-Autogenous Graft Material.

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Background: Various grafting materials have been successfully used to augment the maxillary sinus : autogenous bone, DFDBA, FDBA, xenografts, hydroxyapatite, bioglass, calcium sulfate and growth factors.

Aims: This study was undertaken to compare different non-autogenous graft materials in sinus augmentation procedures using the lateral window technique and a double (internal-external) collagen membrane.

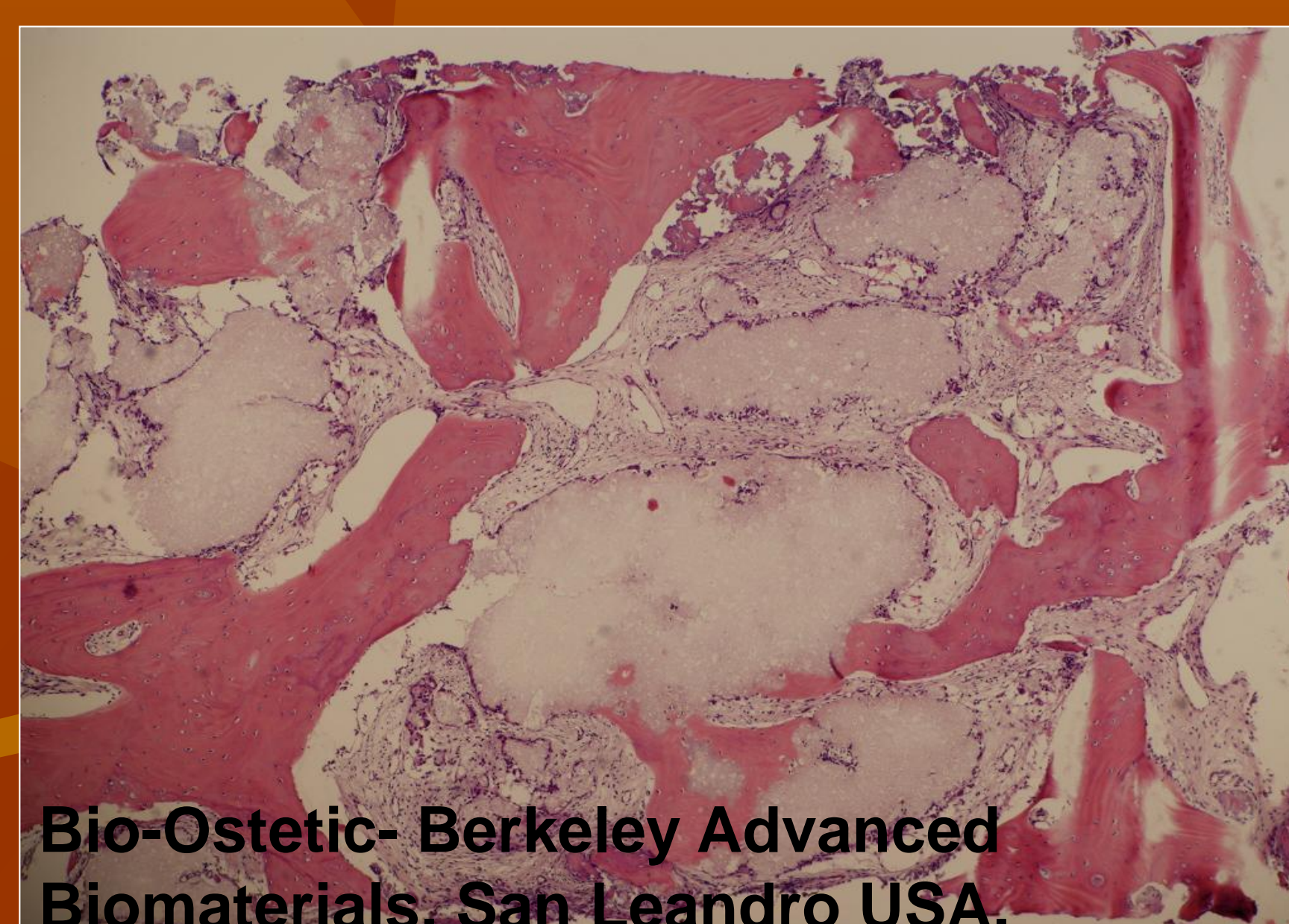
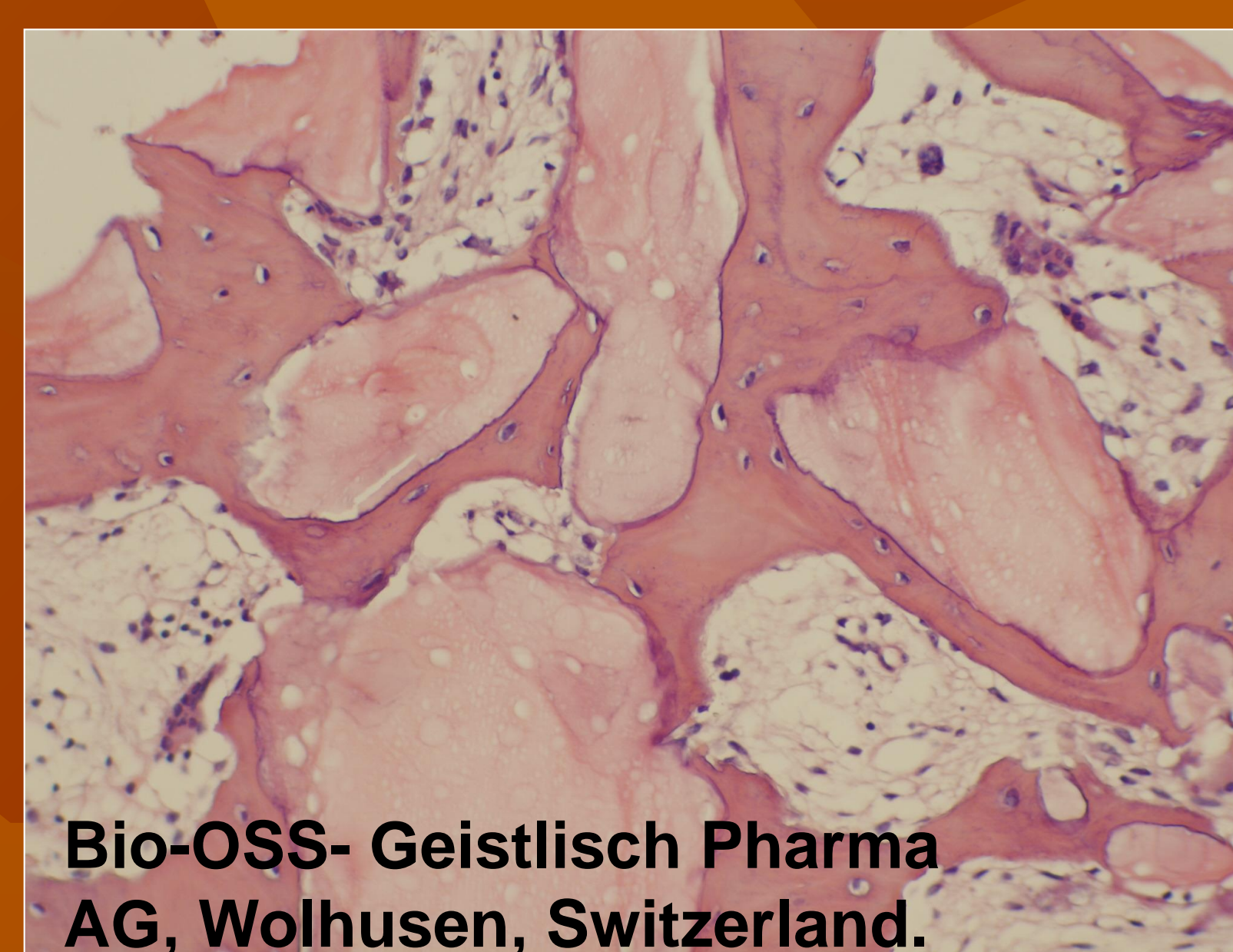
Materials: Bio-Oss, Cerasorb (β -TCP), Oragraft (mineralized allograft), Bio-osteitic (TCP+HA) and 4Bone (TCP+HA) were grafted in 76 Sinuses. Core-biopsies were harvested 9 months after sinus floor augmentation using a trephine and were stained with H&E.

methods:

Histomorphometrical measurements were done using a millimeter eyepiece grid in a binocular stereomicroscope at x200 magnification. The relative percentage area of newly formed bone (NB), residual graft and bone marrow, was measured in each section.

Osteoconductive value was evaluated using a microscope equipped with a drawing tube, by measuring the contact area between the graft particles and the newly formed bone and dividing it by the total circumferences of the graft particles.

9 months biopsies from augmented sinuses with different non-autogenous graft materials and internal/external collagen membrane



Results:

Graft materials	Cases (no)	Newly formed bone(%)	Residual graft(%)	Bone marrow +c.t(%)	Osteoconductive value(%)
Oragraft Lifenet	30	29.1	19	51.9	58.7
Bio-Oss	14	28.3	23.8	47.9	51.6
Cerasorb	10	26.6		73.4	
Bio ostetic	10	29.3	22.5	48.2	22.8
4Bone SBS	12	28	41	31	57.8

Conclusions: The various grafting materials evaluated in the study are suitable for sinus floor augmentation.

